## Summary of National Action Plan for Pandemic Influenza and New Infectious Diseases

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\* The figures shown above are estimated without regard to the impact (effect) of the intervention of anti-influenza virus drugs and the present Japanese medical system.

## Points of the national action plan

- $\odot$  Latest action plan after the legislation of the Act on Special Measures
- O Details of the implementation of various measures newly incorporated into the Act on Special Measures are included



## Outline of Measures According to the Phases of the Pandemic

	Overseas outbreak phase	Early phase of domestic outbreak	Domestic pandemic phase	Remission phase
Attitude toward measures	<ul> <li>Delay domestic outbreak as long as possible</li> <li>Develop a system in preparation for a domestic outbreak</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Implement infection control measures to delay the peak of epidemic</li> <li>Develop a system in preparation for the spread of infection</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Shift the focus from aggressive prevention of the spread of infection at an early phase to reduction of damage</li> <li>Continue to conduct business activities including providing the necessary utilities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assess the first wave of the epidemic to prepare for the second wave</li> <li>Revive the medical system and socioeconomic activities</li> </ul>
Implementation system	<ul> <li>Strengthen the system under the cond - Establish headquarters (national government/prefectures)</li> <li>* Hold ministerial meetings as needed when infection is suspected</li> <li>Determine basic action policies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Establish local headquarters when needed in the early phase of a domestic outbreak</li> <li>Issue a declaration of emerge (Establish headquarters of multiple)</li> </ul>		nstitutions - Change basic action policies - Review measures
Surveillance/Infor mation gathering	Conduct surveillance according to the - Collect information through international coalition - Enhance the surveillance system in preparation for a domestic outbreak	<ul> <li>phases of the pandemic</li> <li>Assess the total number of patients with pandemic influenza and new infectious disease</li> <li>Acquire clinical information on patients</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Track the ongoing number of patients who are hospitalized or die, and assess the condition of severely ill patients</li> <li>Assess the situation of the mass outbreak (Stop assessing the total number of patients in line with a significant increase in their number.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Collect information related to the responses of other countries</li> <li>Continue to assess the mass outbreak situation at schools etc.</li> </ul>
Communication	Disseminate information to the public i - Provide information on the overseas outbreak situation	<ul> <li>n an integrated and understandable man</li> <li>Enhance information-sharing with local governments and promote the dissemination of information to the public</li> <li>Develop and strengthen the operations of call centers etc.</li> </ul>	ner Same as on the left	<ul> <li>Review how to provide information</li> <li>Summarize the various inquiries received by call centers etc.</li> </ul>

(Note) The phases stated above should be taken only as a guide. Flexibly choose and implement the necessary measures.

	Overseas outbreak phase	Early phase of domestic outbreak	Domestic pandemic phase	Remission phase		
Attitude toward measures	<ul> <li>Delay domestic outbreak as long as possible</li> <li>Develop a system in preparation for a domestic outbreak</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Implement infection control measures to delay the peak of epidemic</li> <li>Develop a system in preparation for the spread of infection</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Shift from aggressive prevention of the spread of the infection at an early phase to reduction of damage</li> <li>Continue to conduct business activities including providing the necessary utilities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assess the first wave of the epidemic to prepare for the second wave</li> <li>Revive the medical system and socioeconomic activities</li> </ul>		
Infection prevention/Preventing the infection from spreading	<ul> <li>Commence border control measures</li> <li>Procure sufficient vaccine</li> <li>Prepare for and start prior vaccinations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Prepare for and start vaccinations for the people</li> <li>Encourage the people to wash their hands and follow cough etiquette</li> <li>Request the people to refrain from going out unless it is urgent and unavoidable</li> <li>Restrict the use of facilities such as school buildings etc.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Encourage the people to wash their hands and follow cough etiquette</li> <li>Continue vaccinations for the people</li> <li>★ Request the people to refrain from going out unless it is urgent and unavoidable*</li> <li>★ Restrict the use of facilities such as school buildings etc.*</li> <li>* These measures should be applied to special cases where the burden imposed on the medical system increases excessively in line with an increase in the number of patients.</li> </ul>	- Continue to provide vaccinations to the people in preparation for the second wave		
Medical care	<ul> <li>Develop the medical system in preparation for a domestic outbreak</li> <li>Establish outpatient departments for those who have returned from foreign countries where the outbreak of influenza is confirmed and those who show febrile and respiratory symptoms after having close contact with patients</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue to provide medical care at dedicated outpatient departments</li> <li>Commence providing medical care at general medical institutions when needed</li> <li>Provide information that contributes to diagnosis and treatment</li> <li>Arrange the guidelines for appropriate distribution of anti-influenza virus drugs</li> </ul>	treatment	- Store anti-influenza virus drugs		
Ensuring the stability of the daily lives of the people and the national economy	<ul> <li>Prepare for continuity of operations of designated public institutions</li> <li>Prepare for countermeasures against infection at workplaces</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ask consumers to act in an appropriate manner and request business operators not to buy up goods and not to restrict their sales</li> <li>Designated public institutions should initiate necessary measures to conduct their operations.</li> <li>Deliver emergency supplies</li> <li>Stabilize the price of products related to daily life</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>to buy up goods and not to restrict their sales</li> <li>Deliver emergency supplies</li> <li>Stabilize the price of products related to daily life</li> <li>Request business operators to sell goods</li> <li>Provide necessary financing in emergency situations</li> <li>Preserve the rights and interests of individuals</li> </ul>	★ Provide necessary financing in emergency situations		
(Note) The phases stated above should be taken only as a guide. Flexibly choose and implement the necessary measures. A Measures should be implemented when needed, but only if a declaration of an emergency situation regarding pandemic influenza and new infectious disease is issued.						

and implement the necessary measures. Pre-outbreak period (Advance preparation)

Formulate action plans (the national government, local governments, designated public institutions, etc.) /Conduct training/Provide information on infectious diseases and public health/ Research and develop vaccines/Store vaccines/Develop a system for vaccination/Store anti-influenza virus drugs/Develop local medical care systems